



Shared health
Soins communs
Manitoba

Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

COVID-19 Definitions

COVID-19 Positive patients, residents or clients are those who have been tested and have a positive test result and who have not been deemed “recovered” by Public Health or by Infectious Disease (if an inpatient).

COVID-19 Suspect patients, Residents and/or Clients are those who meet the criteria for COVID-19 testing AND who have been swabbed AND whose test result is pending.

COVID-19 Non-Suspect patients, residents or clients are those who do not meet the criteria for testing and/or those who have been tested and their results are negative and/or those who have been tested and their results are positive but they have been deemed “recovered” by Public Health, or by Infectious Disease (if an inpatient).

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Administrative and Reception All Settings

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PPE – Administrative and Reception

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Administrative Areas	Administrative tasks that do not involve direct contact with patient or public	No PPE required Use social and physical distancing of 6 feet (2 meters)	Perform hand hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after each contact with patients, health care workers, or health care environment
Reception Areas	Direct Patient Encounter	Procedure mask	<p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple clients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled.</p> <p>Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with clients or client environment</p> <p>Maintain 6 foot/2 metre physical distance by staying behind desk/counter</p> <p>Minimize exchange of paperwork back and forth between reception and members of the public.</p> <p>If contact if necessary perform hand hygiene before and after interaction</p>

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Outpatient Settings/ Community Clinics

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PPE – Outpatient Settings/Community Clinics

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Non-Suspect	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Positive and COVID-19 Suspect
Primary Care Clinics	Direct patient care	Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift .	Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift
Specialty Clinics	History/Physical examination of patient	Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled	Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled
Outpatient Departments		Gloves are not required for every patient interaction.	Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.
Community IV Program		Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)	If goggles and face shields are depleted, safety glasses can be used and reused, following the same cleaning protocols used for eye goggles and face shields.
Addictions Services		Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions	Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect residents. Extended use of gowns between COVID-19 positive patients.
		Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves	Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged. With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents, gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling). Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves

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PPE – Outpatient Settings/Community Clinics - Reception

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Reception	Patient Encounter	Procedure mask	<p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple clients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled.</p> <p>Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with clients or client environment</p> <p>Maintain 6 foot/2 metre physical distance by staying behind desk/counter</p> <p>Minimize exchange of paperwork back and forth between reception and members of the public.</p> <p>If contact necessary perform hand hygiene after interaction</p>

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Mobile Crisis Service

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PPE – Mobile Crisis Service

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Home/community visit	Providing Direct Client Care	Procedure mask Eye protection Gloves Gowns <i>Wear gloves as per routine practice (point of care risk assessment) AND as directed in specific instructions</i>	<p>Masks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A mask will be worn for all client visits • Do not remove your mask but wear between multiple client visits (either apartment suites or home) if doing multiple visits in a day • Remove and discard your mask at the end of shift • Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged or soiled • If a mask is removed from the face, it must be discarded and a new one used <p>Eye Protection</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eye protection will be worn for all client visits • Put on eye protection before entering a home • Eye protection should be worn for multiple client visits and/or multiple shifts unless damaged or lenses scratched • Remove and disinfect for breaks, before driving and at the end of shifts. • Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift. • Store frame in a way to prevent contamination (e.g. in a Ziploc bag) <p>Gloves</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gloves are not required for every patient interaction. • Gloves are to be worn as per routine practice (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) • Gloves are to be worn with COVID-19 positive or suspect clients • Gloves are to be worn with COVID-19 positive or suspect clients • Disposable gloves must never be reused or washed • Gloves do not replace the need for hand hygiene. Hand Hygiene must be done before putting on gloves AND after removing them • Gloves must be changed when they become visibly soiled • Gloves must not be worn outside of the client's home, this increases the risk of transmission <p>Gowns</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gowns are to be worn in the home with COVID-19 positive or suspect clients • Gowns must be removed when leaving the home • Gowns are not to be reused between clients

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Crisis Response Services – Crisis Stabilization Unit

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PPE – Crisis Response Services – Crisis Stabilization Unit

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Crisis Stabilization Unit	Direct client/patient care	<p>Procedure mask Gowns (see specific instructions) Gloves (see specific instructions)</p> <p>All patients presenting with influenza-like-illness, shortness of breath or other respiratory symptoms are to be placed, at a minimum, on droplet/contact precautions.</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND/OR with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>

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Community Shelter

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PPE – Community Shelter

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Administrative Areas	Administrative tasks that do not involve contact with the public	No PPE Required	<p>Use Social and physical distancing of 6 feet (2 meters)</p> <p>Perform hand hygiene upon each entry to administrative areas, before and after meal breaks, and follow routine practices and maintain all other IP&C protocols in Administrative areas.</p>
Shelter/ Community Areas	Providing direct contact to public	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction</p> <p>Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask AND eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for a maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, OR soiled.</p> <p>If you are returning to an Administrative area, remove mask, perform hand hygiene. Upon return to shelter/community area, perform hand hygiene and put on clean mask.</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction.</p> <p>Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>

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PPE – Community Shelter – Medical Clinic

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Non-Suspect	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Positive and COVID-19 Suspect
Medical Clinic Areas	Providing direct patient care	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction</p> <p>Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p> <p>If you are returning to an Administrative area, remove mask, perform hand hygiene. Upon return to medical clinic area, perform hand hygiene and put on clean mask.</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfection protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect residents. Extended use of gowns between COVID-19 positive patients.</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p> <p>If ANY item of PPE is doffed, it must be replaced by a clean item</p> <p>If you are returning to an Administrative area, remove mask, perform hand hygiene. Upon return to medical clinic area, perform hand hygiene and put on clean mask.</p>

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Community Shelter Main Street Project

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PPE – Community Shelter – Main Street Project

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Administrative Areas	Administrative tasks that do not involve contact with the public	No PPE Required	<p>Use Social and physical distancing of 6 feet (2 meters)</p> <p>Perform hand hygiene upon each entry to administrative areas, before and after meal breaks, and follow routine practices and maintain all other IP&C protocols in Administrative areas.</p>
Shelter/ Protective Care Unit/ Mainstay/ Detox Area/ Bell Hotel	Providing direct contact to public	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction.</p> <p>Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for a maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, soiled, OR you are returning to an Administrative area</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction.</p> <p>Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>

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COVID-19 Testing Sites (Including Drive Through)

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PPE – COVID-19 Testing Sites (Including Drive Through)

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
COVID-19 Collection Sites	Interaction with patients	Procedure mask Eye protection Gloves Gown	<p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection and gown without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>

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COVID-19 Testing Sites Drive Through

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Drive Through Testing Sites

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Screener	Interaction with vehicle (asks for window to remain up)	Procedure mask Eye protection	Extended use of same mask, eye protection, / without removal for repeated interactions with multiple visitors for maximum of one complete shift Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled Hand Hygiene as per the four moments. Remove PPE at breaks and at the end of the day: •mask (and discard) Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.
Bay Assistant	Interacts with occupants of the vehicle	Mask Eye protection Gloves as indicated	See above Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions. Hand hygiene should be done before putting on and after taking off gloves
Traffic controllers	Interaction with vehicles Maintain spatial separation of 6 feet (2 meters)	No PPE required	
Requisitioner	Maintain spatial separation of 6 feet (2 meters)	No PPE required	

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Visitor and Staff Screening ALL Settings

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PPE – Visitor and Staff Screening

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Visitor Screening Locations	<p>Interaction with visitors</p> <p>Maintain spatial separation of 6 feet (2 meters)</p>	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Eye protection</p> <p>Gown</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection, gown without removal for repeated interactions with multiple people for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment</p> <p>Gowns are to be changed if become wet or visibly soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>If goggles and face shields are depleted, safety glasses can be used and reused, following the same cleaning protocols used for eye goggles and face shields.</p>
Staff Screening Locations	<p>Interaction with staff</p> <p>Maintain spatial separation of 6 feet (2 meters)</p>	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Eye protection</p> <p>Gown</p>	<p>Same as above</p>

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Cleaning Inpatient and Outpatient

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PPE – Cleaning Staff – COVID-19 Positive and/or Suspect Patient

PPE Recommendations for Cleaning Staff

Site	Location	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
<p>All Inpatient Settings</p> <p>(including Acute and Long-Term Care settings)</p>	<p>Patient/Resident Rooms</p>	<p>Entering the room of COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients or residents</p>	<p>Procedure mask Housekeeping gloves Eye protection Gown</p> <p>Extended use of mask and eye protection in patient care areas</p> <p>Extended use of PPE when cleaning a series of rooms - extended use of same mask and eye protection for repeated interactions in multiple patient rooms</p> <p>Remove Gown as per routine practice</p> <p>Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>	<p>Use PPE as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND with COVID-19 positive patients/residents AND patients/clients with respiratory symptoms</p> <p>Limit movement of patients</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>Change gloves if soiled or damaged.</p>

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PPE – Cleaning Staff – COVID-19 Positive and/or Suspect Patient

PPE Recommendations for Cleaning Staff

Site	Location	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Outpatient Facilities	Consultation Rooms	After and between consultations with patients with respiratory symptoms	<p>Procedure mask Housekeeping gloves Eye protection Gown</p> <p>Extended use of PPE when cleaning a series of rooms - extended use of same mask and eye protection for repeated interactions in multiple patient rooms</p> <p>Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Remove Gown as per routine practice</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>	<p>Reduce cleaning and disinfection to times when patients are not present in rooms</p> <p>Limit movement of patients to reduce transmission</p>

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In Home Care/Services

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PPE – In Home Care/Services

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Home Care visit Public Health Families First Community Mental Health Family Services	Providing Direct Client Care	Procedure mask Eye protection Gloves Gowns	<p>Masks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A mask will be worn for all client visits • Do not remove your mask but wear between multiple client visits (either apartment suites or home) • Remove and discard your mask at the end of shift • Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged or soiled • If a mask is removed from the face, it must be discarded and a new one used <p>Eye Protection</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eye protection will be worn for all client visits • Put on eye protection before entering a home • Eye protection should be worn for multiple client visits and/or multiple shifts unless damaged or lenses scratched • Remove and disinfect for breaks, before driving and at the end of shifts. • Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift. • Store frame in a way to prevent contamination (e.g. in a Ziploc bag) <p>Gloves</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gloves are not required for every patient interaction. • Gloves are to be worn as per routine practice (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) • Gloves are to be worn with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect clients • Disposable gloves must never be reused or washed • Gloves do not replace the need for hand hygiene. Hand Hygiene must be done before putting on gloves AND after removing them • Gloves must be changed when they become visibly soiled • Gloves must not be worn outside of the client's home, this increases the risk of transmission <p>Gowns</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gowns are to be worn in the home with COVID-19 positive or suspect clients • Gowns must be removed when leaving the home • Gowns are not to be reused between clients

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Long-Term Care

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PPE – Long-Term Care

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Non-Suspect	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Positive and COVID-19 Suspect
Personal Care Homes Supportive Housing Residential Care Group Homes Health Centres	<p>Direct Resident Care</p> <p>Includes care and support that requires close resident encounter (e.g. dietary, OT, PT)</p> <p>For supportive housing environments, includes providing direct support to the resident where social distancing (6 feet, 2 meters) is not possible</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction. Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect residents. Extended use of gowns between COVID-19 positive residents.</p> <p>Extended use of gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents Change gloves if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>
	Aerosol-generating medical procedures	As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures	As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures

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Emergency Response Services

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PPE – Emergency Response Services – Administrative

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
ERS Administrative Areas (Stations, Offices, Air Base, Dispatch Centres)	Administrative tasks that do not involve contact with patients or public	No PPE Required	Use Social and physical distancing of 6 feet (2 meters) Perform hand hygiene upon each entry to administrative areas, before and after meal breaks, and follow routine practices and maintain all other IP&C protocols in Administrative areas.

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PPE – Emergency Response Services – Ambulance or Ground Transport

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Ambulance or Ground Transport	Providing direct care to patients	<p>Procedure mask or reusable respirator if available</p> <p>Gloves</p> <p>Eye protection</p> <p>Gowns</p> <p>Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask AND eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for a maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND known or suspect COVID-19 positive patients (patients with ILI symptoms) and patients with respiratory symptoms</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, soiled, OR you are returning to an Administrative area</p> <p>Gloves must be changed between each patient encounter.</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing</p> <p>Clean eye protection after each patient encounter</p>
	Aerosol-generating procedures	<p>Respirator N95 or equivalent, or reusable respirator if available</p> <p>As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures</p>	<p>Practices must be consistent with Safe Work Procedures for Extended PPE when performing AGMPs</p>

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PPE – Emergency Response Services – Medical Air Transport

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Medical Air Transport	Providing direct care to patients	Respirator N95 or reusable respirator if available Gloves Gown Eye protection Face Shield	Practices must be consistent with Safe Work Procedures for Extended PPE when performing AGMPs Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.

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Acute and Sub-Acute Emergency and Urgent Care

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Emergency and Urgent Care – Patient Rooms

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Emergency Department and Urgent Care Patient Rooms Nursing Stations	Providing direct care to patients	Procedure mask Eye protection Gowns (see specific instructions) Gloves (see specific instructions) All patients presenting with influenza-like-illness, shortness of breath or other respiratory symptoms are to be placed, at a minimum, on droplet/contact precautions. Patients who are unable to provide a COVID screening history (unconscious, delirious) are to be placed, at a minimum, on droplet/contact precautions until such time that an appropriate history and/or collateral information can be obtained.	Extended use of same mask AND eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift . Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, soiled. Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND/OR with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients Gloves are not required for every patient interaction Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged. With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.
	Aerosol-generating procedures	As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures	As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures

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PPE – Emergency and Urgent Care – Areas of Patient Transport

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
<p>Emergency Department and Urgent Care Triage/Hallways/ Areas of Patient Transport</p>	<p>Present in the designated area</p> <p>During any activity that requires a primary care provider or nurse to accompany the patient, the nurse or primary care provider assumes responsibility for pushing the stretcher.</p> <p>Minimize number of people involved in transport wherever possible (e.g., in situations where there is normally a “sending nurse” and a “receiving nurse”, the receiving nurse comes down to transport the patient)</p>	<p>Procedure mask Eye protection (see specific instructions) Gowns (see specific instructions) Gloves (see specific instructions)</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>

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Acute and Sub-Acute Inpatient

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PPE – Acute and Sub-Acute – Inpatient Settings

Area	Activity	Type of PPE COVID-19 Non-Suspect	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Positive or COVID-19 Suspect
<p>Acute/Sub-Acute Patient Room</p> <p>Hemodialysis</p>	<p>Direct Patient Care</p>	<p>Procedure mask Eye protection</p> <p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction. Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect residents. Extended use of gowns between COVID-19 positive patients.</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Acute and Sub-Acute – Surgical Inpatient Settings

Area	Activity	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Non-Suspect	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Positive and COVID-19 Suspect
Surgical Inpatient and Pre-op Areas (excluding Operating Rooms and Recovery Rooms)	<p>Any patient care activity</p> <p>During any activity that requires a primary care provider or nurse to accompany the patient, the nurse or primary care provider assumes responsibility for pushing the stretcher - minimize number of people involved in transport wherever possible (e.g., In situations where there is normally a “sending nurse” and a “receiving nurse”, the receiving nurse comes down to transport the patient)</p>	<p>Procedure mask Eye protection</p> <p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction. Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA) AND in situations requiring additional precautions (e.g. Scabies) AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect residents. Extended use of gowns between COVID-19 positive patients.</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>

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PPE – Acute and Sub-Acute – Obstetrics

Area	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Obstetric Triage/ Labour and Delivery	Direct Patient Care, internal examination and procedures (e.g. operative delivery)	<p>Extended use of same mask and eye protection for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction. Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions unless the patient is COVID-19 positive and/or suspect</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>	<p>For patients who are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •COVID-19 Positive or Suspect AND •ALL obstetrical patient undergoing an obstetrical procedure with close patient contact or potential for exposure to body fluids (e.g. internal examination, obstetric delivery, labour support in the second stage, labour support during establishment of neuraxial analgesia) <p>The following PPE should be donned:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Procedure mask Eye protection Gown Gloves <p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift . Where possible, disinfect eye protection at the end of shift, otherwise discard</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients. Extended use of gowns between COVID-19 positive patients.</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>

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PPE – Acute and Sub-Acute – Areas of Patient Transport

Area	Activity	Type of PPE
<p>Areas of Patient Transit (eg. Wards, Corridors)</p>	<p>Present in the designated area</p> <p>During any activity that requires a primary care provider or nurse to accompany the patient, the nurse or primary care provider assumes responsibility for pushing the stretcher.</p> <p>Minimize number of people involved in transport wherever possible (e.g. in situations where there is normally a “sending nurse” and a “receiving nurse”, the receiving nurse comes down to transport the patient)</p>	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND with COVID-19 positive and suspect patients</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after contact with patient or patient environment</p>

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Acute Care – Critical Care

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Critical Care (ICU/CCU) – Patient Rooms

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE for COVID-19 Non-Suspect	Types of PPE for COVID-19 Positive and COVID-19 Suspect
ICU/CCU Patient Rooms	Direct patient care	<p>Procedure mask Eye protection Gloves as per routine practices</p> <p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction. Gloves should only be applied as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND in situations requiring additional precautions AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect residents. Extended use of gowns between COVID-19 positive patients.</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>
	Aerosol-generating procedures:	As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other aerosol generating medical procedures.	As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other aerosol generating medical procedures.

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Acute Care COVID-19 Unit

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – COVID-19 Unit (ICU or Designated Ward)

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
All areas, including: Patient Room Hallways Other areas in the Unit/Ward	Any/All Activity Present in the designated area, regardless of whether providing direct patient care	Procedure mask Eye protection Gloves Gown	Extended use of same mask, eye protection and gown without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift . Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled Extended use of same gowns. DO NOT remove while on the unit unless wet, soiled or damaged. Remove gown prior to leaving the unit. Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged. Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift. The PPE MUST be changed when moving to a different unit
	Aerosol-generating procedures	As per Shared Health Recommendations for intubation and other Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures	Limited, extended use of N95s for repeated encounters with multiple patients (e.g. COVID-19 positive unit) is allowed.

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

In Facility Patient Transport

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Patient Transport Within Facilities

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Areas of Patient Transit (eg. Wards, Corridors)	<p>Present in the designated area</p> <p>During any activity that requires a primary care provider or nurse to accompany the patient, the nurse or primary care provider assumes responsibility for pushing the stretcher.</p> <p>Minimize number of people involved in transport wherever possible (e.g., in situations where there is normally a “sending nurse” and a “receiving nurse”, the receiving nurse comes down to transport the patient)</p>	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Eye protection</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection is only required when interacting or transporting a COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patient</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction unless the patient is COVID-19 positive and/or suspect</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Crisis Response Services

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Crisis Response Services

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Administrative Areas	Administrative tasks that do not involve direct contact with patient or public	No PPE required Use social and physical distancing of 6 feet (2 meters)	Perform hand hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after each contact with patients, health care workers, or health care environment
Reception Areas	Direct Patient Encounter	Procedure mask Eye protection	<p>Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with patients, health care workers, or health care environment (according to the four moments)</p> <p>Maintain 6 foot/2 metre physical distance by staying behind desk/counter Minimize exchange of paperwork back and forth between reception and members of the public. If contact necessary perform hand hygiene after interaction</p> <p>Extended use of same mask, eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift</p> <p>Change mask if it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after contact with patient or patient environment</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>

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PPE – Crisis Response Services – Crisis Response Centre

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
<p>Crisis Response Centre (CRC)</p> <p>CRC Rapid Access to Addictions Medicine (RAAM)</p>	Direct client/patient care	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Eye protection (see specific instructions)</p> <p>Gowns (see specific instructions)</p> <p>Gloves (see specific instructions)</p> <p>All patients presenting with influenza-like-illness, shortness of breath or other respiratory symptoms are to be placed, at a minimum, on droplet/contact precautions.</p> <p>Patients who are unable to provide a COVID-19 screening history (psychotic, delirious) are to be placed, at a minimum, on droplet/contact precautions until such time that an appropriate history and/or collateral information can be obtained.</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask AND eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, soiled</p> <p>Where possible, disinfect eye protection at the end of shift, otherwise discard</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND/OR with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients</p> <p>Gloves are not required for every patient interaction Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices and Additional Precautions (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling)</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p>

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PPE – Crisis Response Services – Client Transport

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
<p>Client Transport (from CRC to HSC Emergency)</p>	<p>Present in the designated area</p> <p>During any activity that requires a primary care provider or nurse to accompany the client, the nurse or primary care provider assumes responsibility for pushing the wheelchair.</p> <p>Minimize number of people involved in transport wherever possible (e.g., in situations where there is normally a “sending nurse” and a “receiving nurse”, the receiving nurse comes down to transport the client)</p>	<p>Procedure mask</p> <p>Eye protection (see specific instructions)</p> <p>Gowns (see specific instructions)</p> <p>Gloves (see specific instructions)</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask for repeated interactions with multiple patients for maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, or soiled</p> <p>Eye protection to be used throughout the shift with appropriate cleaning and disinfecting protocols. Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gowns are to be used as per routine practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) AND with COVID-19 positive and/or suspect patients</p> <p>Extended use of the same gloves between COVID-19 Positive patients/residents if possible, changing gloves only if soiled or damaged.</p> <p>With COVID-19 Suspect patients/residents Gloves must be applied and changed per Routine Practices (e.g. MRSA, Scabies, blood or body fluid contact or excessive soiling) and Additional Precautions</p> <p>Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves</p>

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Municipal Policing Agencies

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Municipal Policing Agencies

Areas	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Administrative Areas (Stations, Offices, Dispatch Centres)	Administrative tasks that do not involve contact with the public	No PPE Required	<p>Use Social and physical distancing of 6 feet (2 meters)</p> <p>Perform hand hygiene upon each entry to administrative areas, before and after meal breaks, and follow routine practices and maintain all other IP&C protocols in Administrative areas.</p>
General Patrol – Field Operations	Providing direct contact to public	<p>Procedure mask or reusable respirator if available</p> <p>Eye protection – one set extended use across multiple shifts unless damaged or lenses scratched</p> <p>Wherever possible, retain face shields, lenses and/or frames and disinfect eye protection at the end of the shift.</p> <p>Gloves as per normal practices</p>	<p>Extended use of same mask AND eye protection without removal for repeated interactions with multiple patients for a maximum of one complete shift.</p> <p>Change mask IF it becomes wet, damaged, soiled, OR you are returning to an Administrative area</p> <p>Gloves as per normal practices</p> <p>Hand Hygiene with and Alcohol Based Hand Cleaner before/after donning/doffing</p> <p>Disinfect eye protection after removal or when soiled.</p> <p>IF attending to a health facility with someone in custody, the facility shall supply a procedure mask for the individual in custody, if required (determined by facility staff)</p>

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Alternative Isolation Accommodation – Designated Shelter(s) and Hotel(s)

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

PPE – Alternative Isolation Accommodation

Areas Included	Activity	Type of PPE – AIA Shelter and Hotel Staff	Type of PPE – COVID-19 Positive and/or Suspect
Alternative Isolation Accommodation (AIA) Designated Shelter and Hotel Setting	Arrival/Departure at AIA Site	Procedure Mask Gloves Eye Protection	Mask and gloves to be worn by individual upon arrival, during escorted walks at the AIA location, when putting out garbage or retrieving meals from outside room, and upon release
	Escorted Walks at AIA site	Mask and Gloves to be worn by staff assisting individual with luggage and/or during orientation to AIA isolation room as well as during any escorted walks on site.	Gloves Strict Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with isolated individual/environment without gloves
	Meal, Linen Delivery and Garbage and soiled linen pick up	Procedure Mask Gloves Extended use of the same mask and gloves for retrieval of used meal dishes and tray. Garbage and soiled linen pickup to occur once per day. Change gloves if wet, soiled or damaged. No PPE required for staff delivering meals. Tray to be left outside closed door.	Mask and gloves to be worn by individual upon arrival, during escorted walks at the AIA location, when putting out garbage or retrieving meals from outside room, and upon release Gloves Strict Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with isolated individual/environment without gloves
	Cleaning post checkout of isolated individual	Procedure Mask Eye Protection Housekeeping Gloves Gown Extended use of the same mask, eye protection and gown for cleaning a series of rooms multiple rooms upon checkout/discharge. Change housekeeping gloves between rooms. Hand Hygiene before/after donning/doffing gloves or contact with patient or patient environment without gloves	

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Patients

April 21, 2020 Provincial Requirements for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Personal Protective Equipment – Patients - Outpatient

PPE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PATIENTS

Site	Location	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Outpatient Facilities	Reception	Any	WITHOUT Respiratory Symptoms – No PPE required	Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with healthcare workers or healthcare environment
			WITH Respiratory Symptoms – If patient is not wearing their own or homemade mask, provide procedure mask	Maintain spatial distance of at least 2 metres
	Waiting Room	Any	WITHOUT Respiratory Symptoms – No PPE required	Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with health care workers or healthcare environment
			WITH Respiratory Symptoms – If patient is not wearing their own or homemade mask, provide procedure mask	Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with health care workers or healthcare environment Immediately move the patient to an isolation room or separate area away from others; if this is not feasible, ensure spatial distance of at least 2 metres from other patients
	Consultation Room	Any	WITHOUT Respiratory Symptoms – No PPE required	Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with healthcare workers or healthcare environment
			WITH Respiratory Symptoms – If patient is not wearing their own or homemade mask, provide procedure mask	

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Personal Protective Equipment – Patients – Emergency/Urgent Care

PPE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PATIENTS

Site	Location	Activity	Type of PPE	Specific Instructions
Emergency Settings	Waiting Room	Any	WITHOUT Respiratory Symptoms – No PPE required	Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with health care workers or healthcare environment Ensure spatial distance of at least 2 metres from other patients if possible
	Registration		WITH Respiratory Symptoms – If patient is not wearing their own or homemade mask, provide procedure mask	Hand Hygiene upon entry to facility and before/after contact with health care workers or healthcare environment Immediately move the patient to an isolation room or separate area away from others; if this is not feasible, ensure spatial distance of at least 2 metres from other patients
	Triage			

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